

Several times during the last few years I have received the two forest snails *Polygyra columbiana* and *Circinaria vancouverensis* from Unalashka. At first I felt confident that some error had occurred in labeling, as during my visits at that locality, 1871 to 1880, there was no grove or forest to shelter them and assiduous collecting failed to reveal their presence. However, in 1899 I found the transplanted Sitka spruce planted on one or two of the islets in the bay had made an extraordinary growth, and as these snails are always associated with the spruce and fresh specimens have been lately received from the locality, I can no longer doubt that the introduction of the species and its acclimation have been successful. The *Circinaria* are small and of a dark olive-green, the *Polygyra* normal.

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A NEW CALIFORNIAN SIGARETUS.

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SINUM CALIFORNICUM, n. sp.

Shell white, convex, spirally striate above, with epidermis of a rusty yellow; a thin columellar callus reflected nearly over the umbilicus showing only a faint trace of umbilicus; interior snow-white. This has been called *Sigaretus debilis* Gld., but it is not like the specimens from Lower California. It differs from *S. concavum* in not being as convex, and the interior being white, and the early whorls are much smaller, and from *S. debile* in being convex and larger. *S. debile* is very flat, the early whorls are smaller and fewer. Length of shell 38 mm., breadth 18 mm., height 18 mm.

The type comes from San Pedro, California. The type and nine specimens are in the Oldroyd collection at Stanford University. Others are in the collection of the U. S. Nat. Museum, from localities ranging from Monterey, Cal., to Todos Santos Bay, Lower Cal.